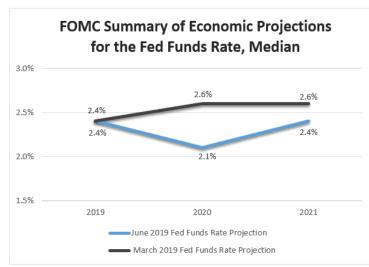
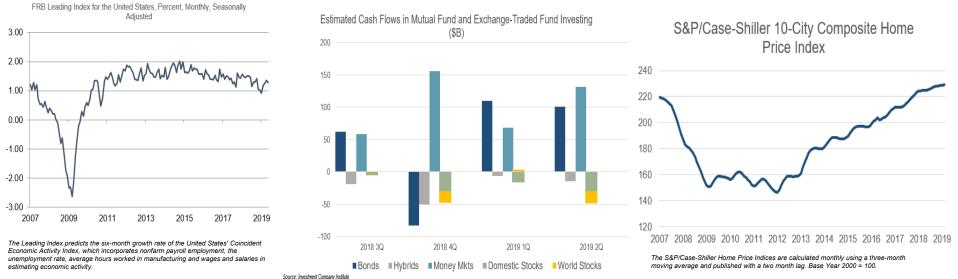
"Many FOMC participants now see that the case for a somewhat more accommodative policy has strengthened...we will use our tools as appropriate to sustain the expansion."

-Jerome Powell, Chair of the Federal Reserve



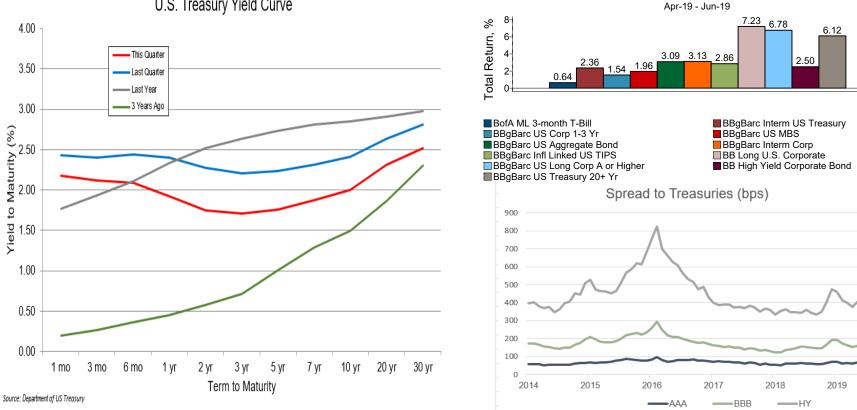


	3 Months	YTD	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
S&P 500 Index	4.30	18.54	10.42	14.19	10.71	14.70
Russell 1000 Index	4.25	18.84	10.02	14.15	10.45	14.77
Russell 1000 Value Index	3.84	16.24	8.46	10.19	7.46	13.19
Russell 1000 Growth Index	4.64	21.49	11.56	18.07	13.39	16.28
Russell 2000 Index	2.10	16.98	-3.31	12.30	7.06	13.45
Russell 2000 Value Index	1.38	13.47	-6.24	9.81	5.39	12.40
Russell 2000 Growth Index	2.75	20.36	-0.49	14.69	8.63	14.41
MSCI EAFE ND	3.68	14.03	1.08	9.11	2.25	6.90
MSCI EAFE LOC	3.08	14.15	2.70	10.34	6.36	8.85
MSCI ACWI ex. US	2.98	13.60	1.29	9.39	2.16	6.54
MSCI EAFE Small Cap ND	1.71	12.55	-6.35	9.06	4.40	9.67
MSCI Europe ND	4.48	15.80	1.88	9.11	1.27	6.99
MSCI Japan ND	1.02	7.75	-4.19	8.06	4.47	5.85
MSCI EM ND	0.61	10.59	1.21	10.66	2.49	5.81
MSCI EM LOC	0.33	10.24	2.24	11.47	6.47	8.17
DJ World Real Estate	0.90	16.56	9.42	7.01	6.28	10.94
DJ US Select REIT Index	0.82	16.67	9.75	3.73	7.61	15.40
DJ-UBS US Commodity Index	-1.19	5.06	-6.75	-2.18	-9.15	-3.74
BofA ML 3-month T-Bill	0.64	1.24	2.31	1.38	0.87	0.49
BB Government 1-3 Yr	1.46	2.47	4.02	1.31	1.23	1.23
BB Government/Credit Bond	3.53	6.90	8.52	2.41	3.11	4.09
BB US Aggregate Bond	3.09	6.12	7.88	2.32	2.96	3.91
BB Long Government	6.00	10.92	12.28	1.42	5.68	6.54
BB Long U.S. Corporate	7.23	15.77	15.19	5.45	5.80	8.50
BB High Yield Corporate Bond	l 2.50	9.94	7.48	7.52	4.70	9.24
BB TIPS	2.87	6.15	4.84	2.08	1.76	3.64



Market commentary

- Markets were positive across the board, extending their gains after a strong first quarter.
- U.S. stocks (S&P 500) were up 4.3% on a continued dovish Fed policy and on possible trade progress after the US and China reached a deal to put a hold on tariffs as talks continue.
- Emerging markets and foreign developed markets were up 0.61% and 3.68%, respectively, on positive economic news and improved trade outlook.
- The Federal Reserve maintained its dovish stance over the quarter, leading investors to anticipate as many as two rate cuts later this year.
- Investors decreased their holdings of domestic and world stock mutual funds/ETFs and increased their holdings of bond mutual funds/ETFs. For the quarter, stock funds had a net outflow of \$49 billion and bond funds had a net inflow of \$101 billion. Total money market mutual fund assets increased by \$131 billion to \$3.2 trillion.
- The US added 512,000 jobs this quarter, and the unemployment rate decreased from 3.8% to 3.7%.
- The price of oil decreased slightly from \$60 to \$58 a barrel over the quarter due to forecasts of a slowdown in global demand and increased production in the US.



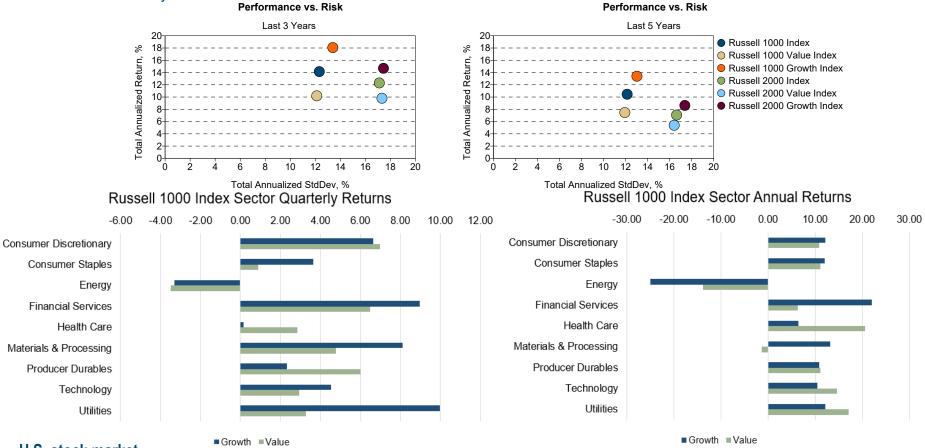
U.S. Treasury Yield Curve

US Fixed Income - Quarter

Source: Bank of America Merrill Lynch Option Adjusted Spread Index

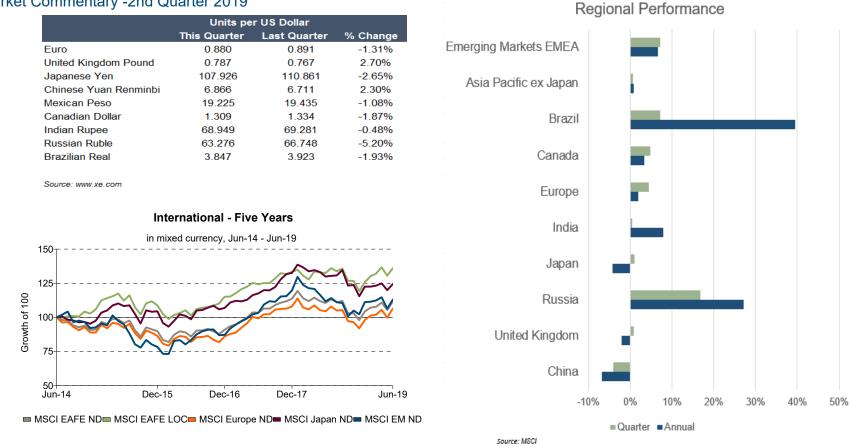
U.S. bond market

- The broad fixed income market was up as investors reacted positively to the Fed's more accommodative approach to monetary policy.
- The yield curve shifted downwards and remained inverted during the guarter, increasing concern among investors about a possible recession.
- The Federal Reserve held rates steady over the guarter, but left some opening for possible future cuts.
- Yields on the 10-year Treasury decreased 41 basis points while yields on the 30-year Treasury went down by 29 basis points. •
- Short term U.S. corporates were up the least as investors were better rewarded for longer term investments.
- Long term US corporate bonds were the best performing sector, up 7.23% amid a more stable economic backdrop and growing demand for investment grade credit.



U.S. stock market

- Major domestic equity indices were up over the quarter, with large growth outperforming large value, and small growth outperforming small value. The Russell 1000 Growth Index was the best performing sector, up 4.64%.
- In the quarter, smaller capitalization stocks lagged larger capitalization due to muted gains after the first quarter's strong performance and continued volatility.
- REITs were up 0.82% as interest rates remained low and demand persisted, but substantial prior gains gave some investors pause.
- Energy performed the worst, as forecasts of a slowdown in global demand put pressure on the sector.
- Financial services was the best performing sector, up 7.29% on near record profitability despite a decline in yields and a dovish Fed.



International market

- The dollar was slightly down against most major currencies, but up against the pound and the yuan as interest rates remained static.
- The UK and EU agreed on a further delay to Brexit in the wake of Theresa May resigning as prime minister. The deadline is now October 31, 2019.
- For the quarter, the EAFE Index was up 3.68% while the EM index was up 0.61%. Local currency returns for developed markets were up 3.08%, while local returns in emerging markets were up 0.33%.
- Among the major international regions, Russian stocks were the best performing for the quarter, up 17%, as investors grew more confident that the US would not impose additional sanctions against Russia.
- Chinese stocks performed the worst, down 4% amid fluctuating trade tensions with the US and fears of slowing growth.
- Large-cap international stocks outperformed small-cap international stocks.

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